

Enunciados

Resuelve las siguientes ecuaciones. Da el resultado del modo más sencillo que sea posible (número entero o fracción irreducible).

① $x^2+2x-3=0$

② $2x^2+5x+3=0$

③ $3x^2-x-2=0$

④ $x^2+4x-45=0$

⑤ $35x^2-19x+2=0$

⑥ $12x^2+5x-3=0$

⑦ $x^2-6x-27=0$

⑧ $x^2+4x-21=0$

⑨ $3x^2+35x+50=0$

⑩ $5x^2+7x-6=0$

⑪ $x^2-2x-15=0$

⑫ $x^2+2x-15=0$

⑬ $3x^3-8x-3=0$

⑭ $x^2-6x-7=0$

⑮ $2x^2-x-10=0$

Soluciones

$$\textcircled{1} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -\frac{3}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -\frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{5} \\ \frac{1}{7} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{3}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{8} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{9} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{5}{3} \\ -10 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{5} \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{12} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{13} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -\frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{14} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{15} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{2} \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$