

Enunciados

Resuelve las siguientes ecuaciones. Da el resultado del modo más sencillo que sea posible (número entero o fracción irreducible).

① $x^2 - 7x + 10 = 0$

② $x^2 - 6x + 13 = 0$

③ $16x^2 - 24x + 9 = 0$

④ $6x^2 + x - 2 = 0$

⑤ $x^2 - 4x - 21 = 0$

⑥ $4x^2 - 12x + 9 = 0$

⑦ $x^2 + 22x + 121 = 0$

⑧ $x^2 + 4x + 5 = 0$

⑨ $2x^2 - 9x - 5 = 0$

⑩ $2x^2 - 3x + 1 = 0$

⑪ $x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0$

⑫ $x^2 - 2x + 2 = 0$

⑬ $x^2 + 2x - 8 = 0$

⑭ $x^2 - 2x - 8 = 0$

⑮ $3x^2 - 5x - 2 = 0$

⑯ $25x^2 - 70x + 49 = 0$

⑰ $x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$

⑱ $x^2 + 6x + 25 = 0$

⑲ $x^2 - 6x + 9 = 0$

⑳ $20x^2 + 13x - 15 = 0$

Soluciones

$$\textcircled{1} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\textcircled{2}$ Sin solución

$$\textcircled{3} \quad x = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{6} \quad x = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{7} \quad x = -11$$

$\textcircled{8}$ Sin solución

$$\textcircled{9} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{10} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{11} \quad x = 1$$

$\textcircled{12}$ Sin solución

$$\textcircled{13} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{14} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{15} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -\frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\textcircled{16} \quad x = \frac{7}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{17} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$\textcircled{18}$ Sin solución

$$\textcircled{19} \quad x = 3$$

$$\textcircled{20} \quad x = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{5} \\ -\frac{5}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$